

Hardware Scaling Lessons from the TA

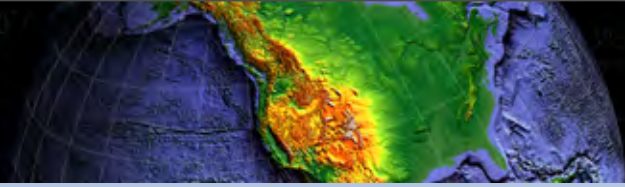


Frank Vernon

AUG - IRIS

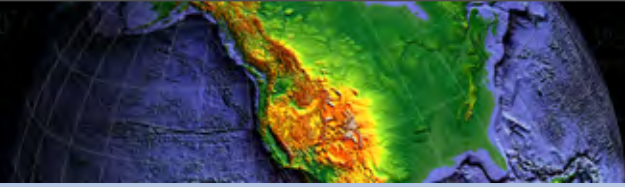
7 June 2008

Skamania, Washington



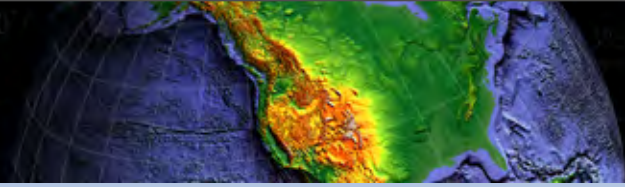
ANF Operations Year 1 - 2004

- TA Field
 - 13 TA Stations
 - 66 Contributed stations (CI, BK, AZ)
- Server Hardware
 - Sun Blade 1000
- Software
 - Nagios - system monitoring



ANF Operations Year 2 - 2005

- TA Field
 - 66 TA Stations
 - 65 Contributed stations (CI, BK, AZ, NN)
- Server Hardware
 - Sun Blade 1000 removed in Fall - Load average too large
 - Sun V240 installed in Fall
 - 3.5 TByte SCSI storage array installed
 - Linux Webserver
- Software
 - Nagios - system monitoring
 - cfengine - system configuration



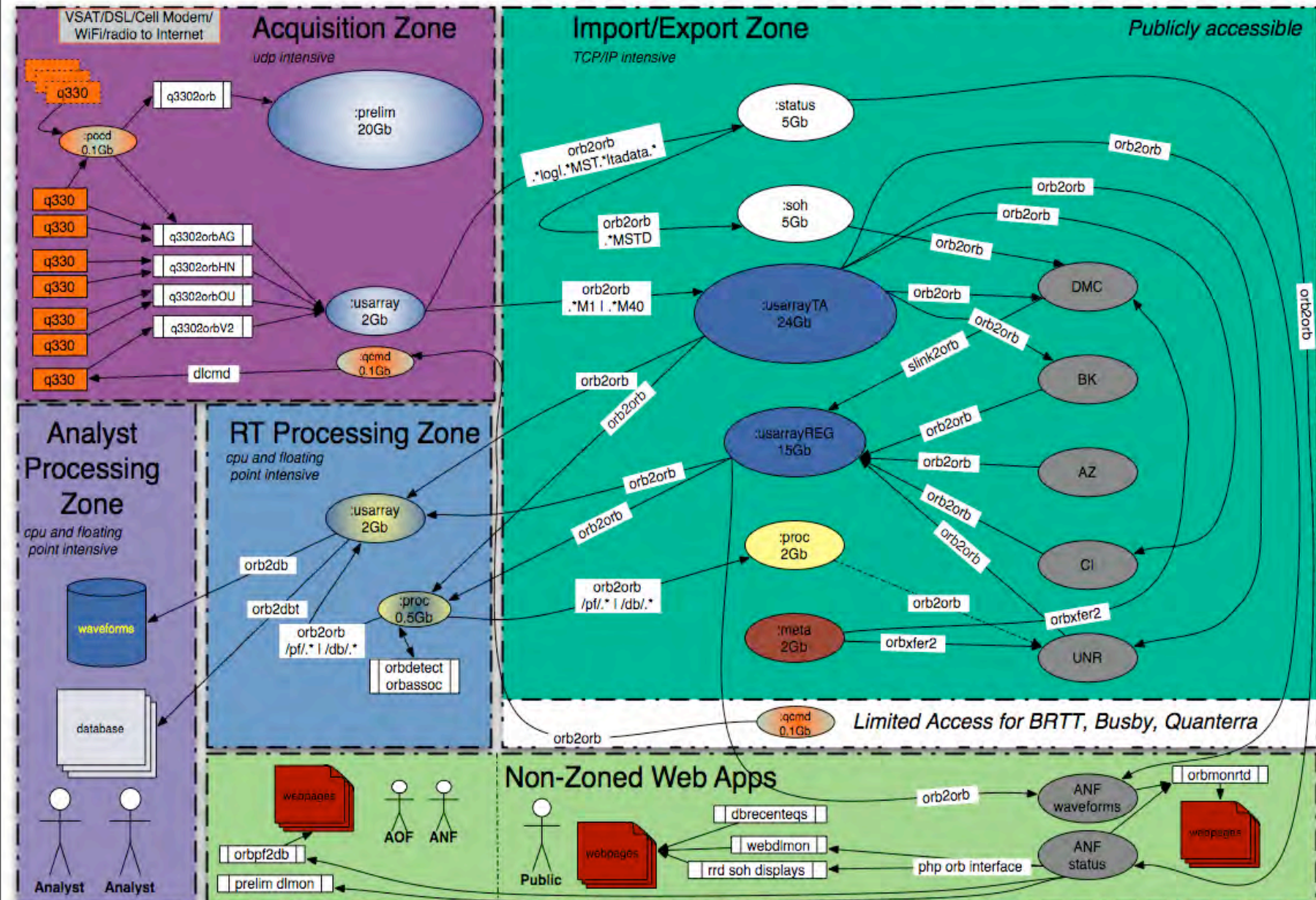
ANF Operations Year 3 - 2006

- TA Field
 - 232 TA Stations
 - 75 Contributed stations (CI, BK, AZ, NN, US)
- Server Hardware
 - Sun V240 - load average problems
 - Sun T2000 installed - moved acquisition
 - 3.5 TByte SCSI storage array
 - SRB Brick brought online
 - SDSC V240 backup brought online
 - DMC V240 backup brought online
 - ANF export V100 brought online
 - iSCSI Storage Area Network implemented
 - Linux Webserver
- Software
 - Nagios - system monitoring
 - cfengine - system configuration

ANF Operations Year 4 - 2007

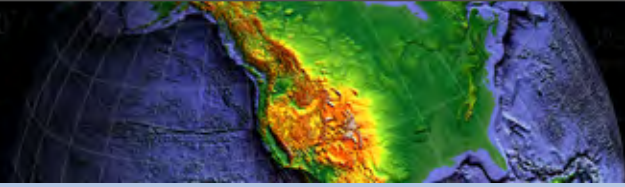
- TA Field
 - 411 TA Stations
 - 77 Contributed stations (CI, BK, AZ, NN, US)
- Server Hardware
 - Sun Cluster Installed with zones - 2 V240s, 1 V245, and 3 T2000
 - SRB Brick
 - SDSC V240 backup replaced with T2000
 - DMC V240 backup replaced with T2000
 - iSCSI Storage Area Network - 3.5 TByte capacity expanded to 15 Tbytes
 - Veritas VxFS replaces ufs file system - inode problems
 - Linux Webserver
- Software
 - Nagios - system monitoring - Deprecated
 - intermapper - system monitoring installed
 - cfengine - system configuration

RT system at the Array Network Facility



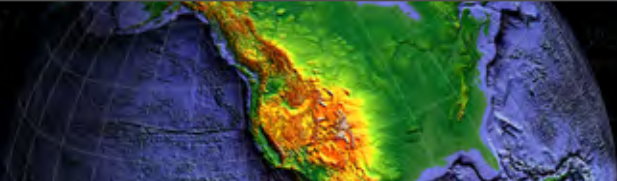
ANF Operations Year 5 - 2008

- TA Field
 - 442 TA Stations
 - 57 Contributed stations (CI, AZ, NN, US)
- Server Hardware
 - Sun Cluster - 3 V240s and 3 T2000
 - SRB Brick
 - iSCSI Storage Area Network 15 TBytes
 - Decommissioned Sun Cluster
 - PxFs replaced with QFS
 - Discovered Sun Cluster does not support iSCSI
 - Kept zone functionality
 - Installed 3 T5220 for web support
- Software
 - intermapper - system monitoring installed
 - cfengine - system configuration
 - Confluence installed for ANF Wiki



ANF Operation Zones

- Real time
 - anfops
 - Q330 acquisition
 - anfexport
 - acquire Q330 field station data
 - acquire contributed regional/national network data
 - serve data to internal and external clients
 - anfproc
 - realtime event processing
 - anfwf
 - waveform writer
 - anfanalyst
 - analyst review



ANF Operations Zone

- Miscellaneous
 - anfdev
 - development and testing
 - anfpublic
 - limited public access
 - anfmon
 - intermapper
- Web
 - anfwebproc
 - backend web page production
 - anfwebproj
 - web page exports
 - anfwebtest
 - web content development and testing

Metrics and Applications from the TA

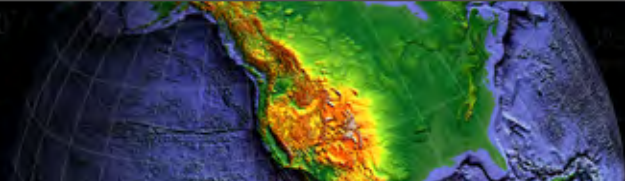


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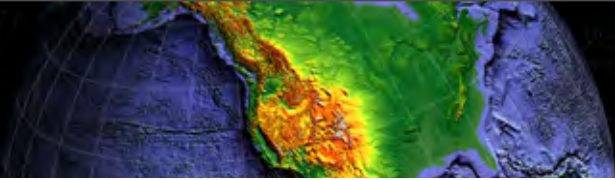
7 June 2008

Skamania, Washington

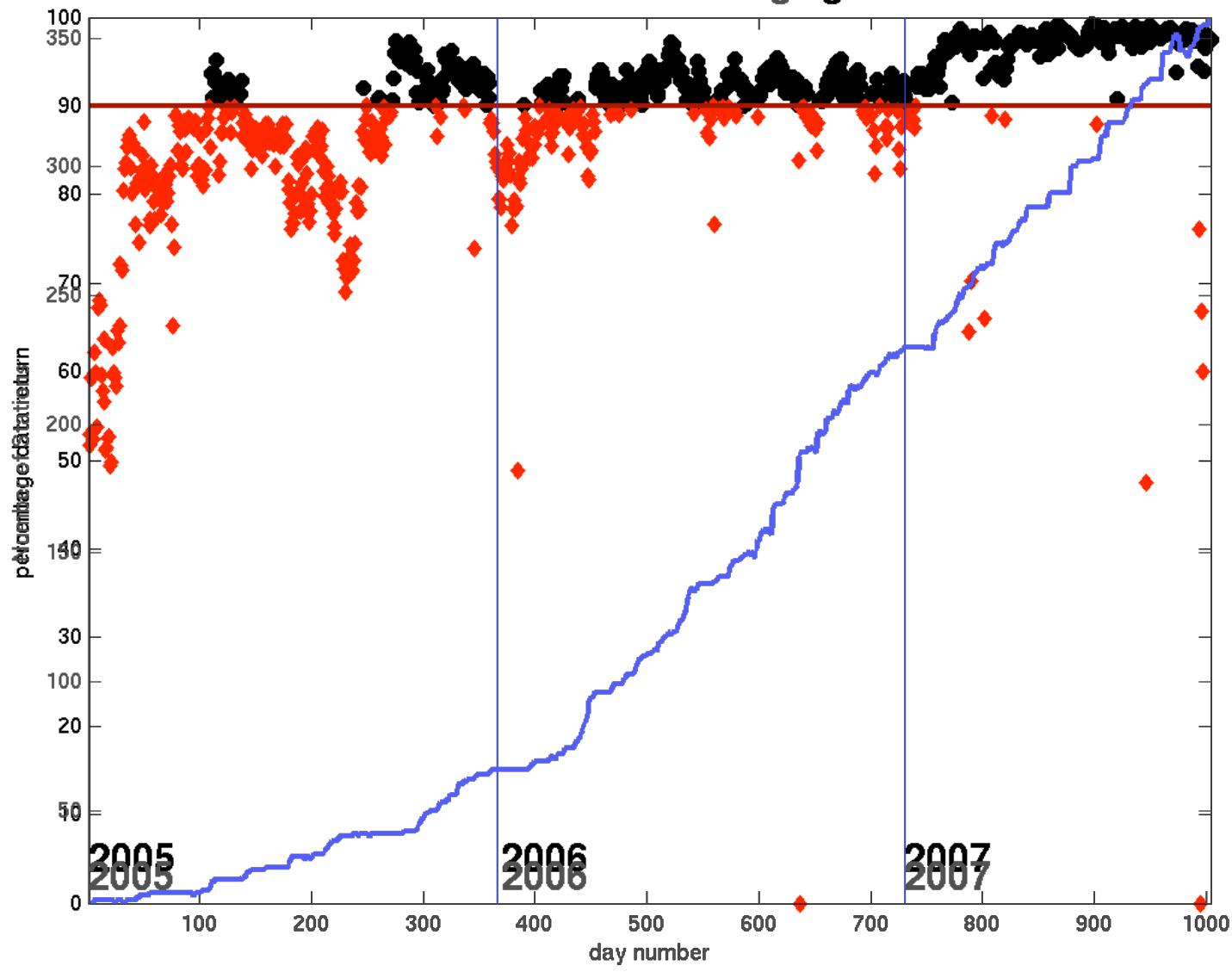


USArray Data Flow at ANF

- 3 Tbytes of data - April 2004 - June 2008 (compressed)
- As of June 2008
 - 4 Gbytes/day compressed data
 - 2 Mbit/sec data export
 - 436 seismic stations
 - 2616 seismic channels
 - 13516 soh channels
 - 1.5M picks
 - 32K events



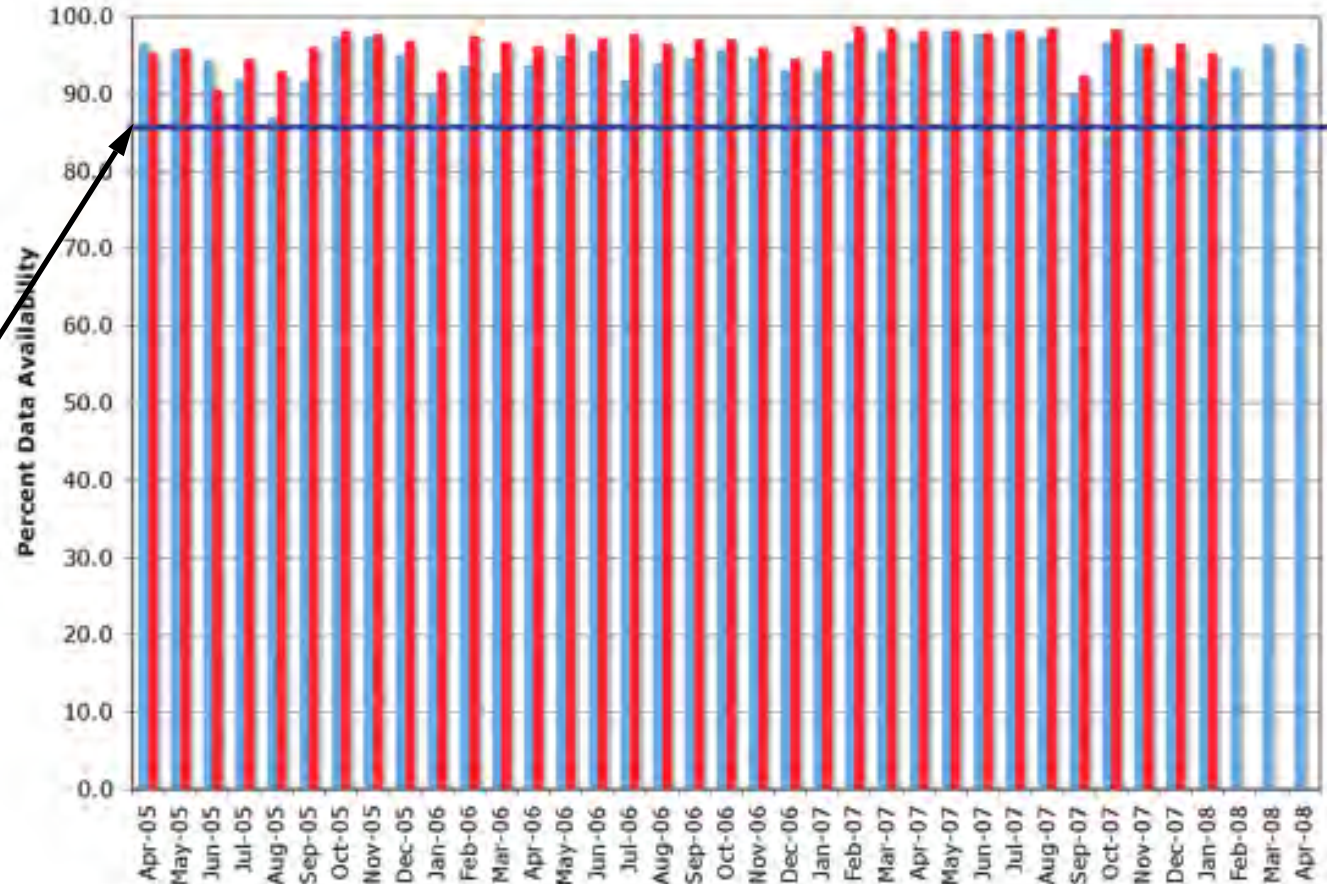
TA real-time data return starting 1 Jan 2005



Availability (uptime)

- Consistently > 90%
- Redundant data recovery mechanisms
- Acquiring ~ 1.2 Tb/y (~5 Gb/day)

Composite Transportable Array Performance



85% is official performance goal

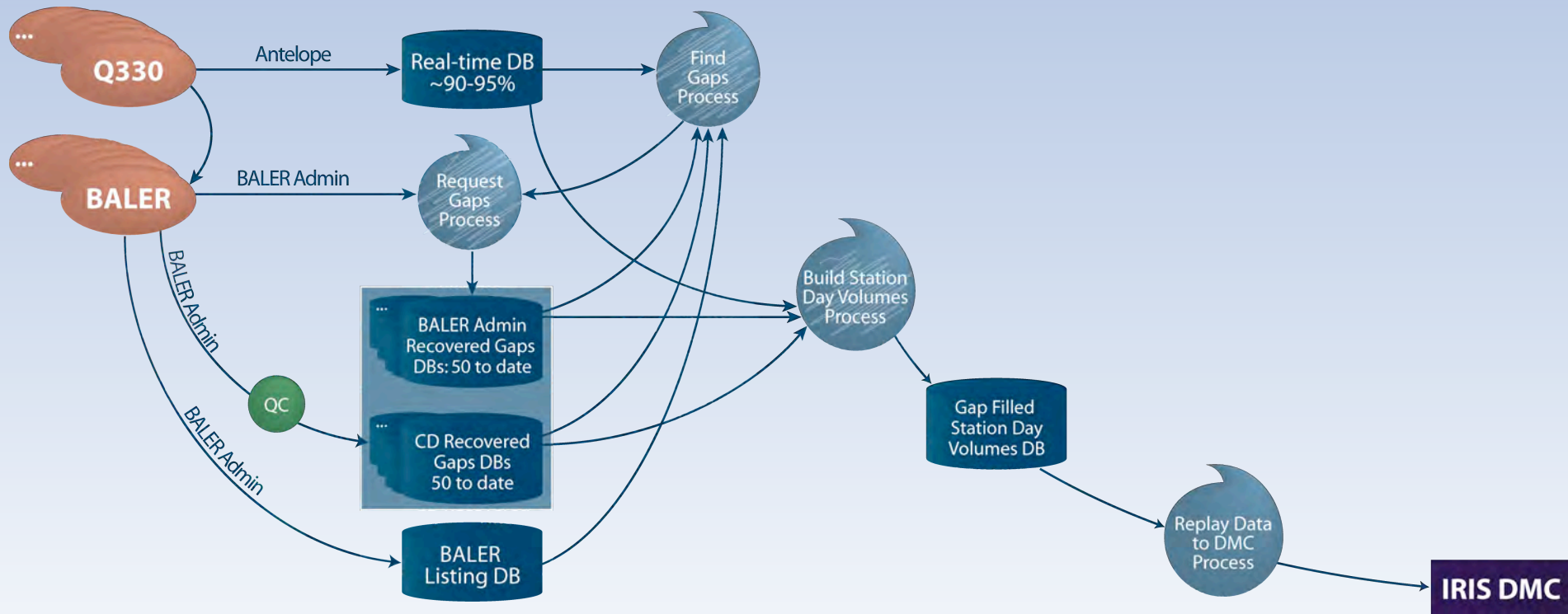
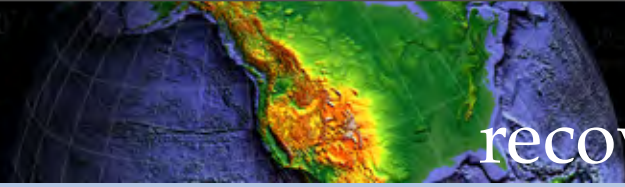
Data availability for past 36 months



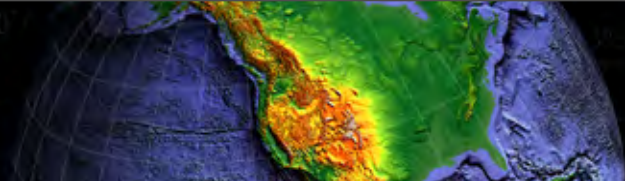
Measured at end of month



Measured after 3 months

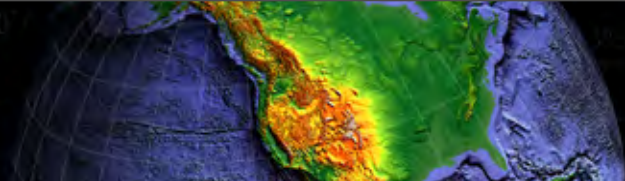


- Identification of data gaps;
- Recovery of data gaps using BalerAdmin software;
- Building databases from field cdroms;
- Rebuilding station-day volumes once all gaps are filled for each station-day;
- Replay updated gap filled station-day volumes to DMC for arc



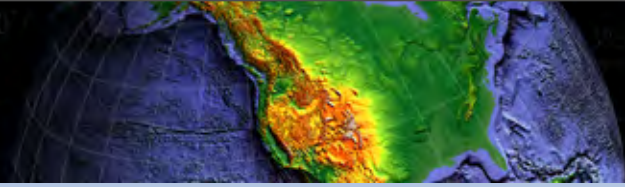
Monthly gap processing - gathering data

- miniseed2db - build monthly rt wfdisc
- rt_daily_return - final gap identification
- dmcgap2db - convert DMC gap list into db
- baler loop
 - build_baler_data - build non-overlapped wfs
 - cdroms - multiple dbs
 - baler_admin - multiple dbs
 - gap_status - identified recovered gaps
 - baler_request - baler_admin input
 - baler_admin
- interate loop several times ~ 1-2 days



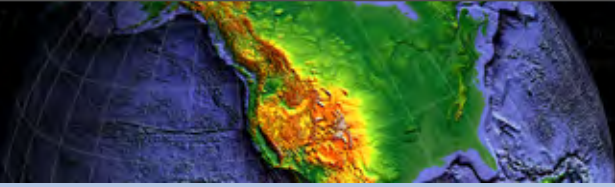
Monthly gap processing - sending data

- build_baler_data - build non-overlapped wfs
 - cdroms - multiple dbs
 - baler_admin - multiple dbs
- fill_gaps
 - builds gap replaced station/day volumes
- dbreplay
 - sends repaired data to DMC
- **START NEXT MONTHS PROCESSING!**

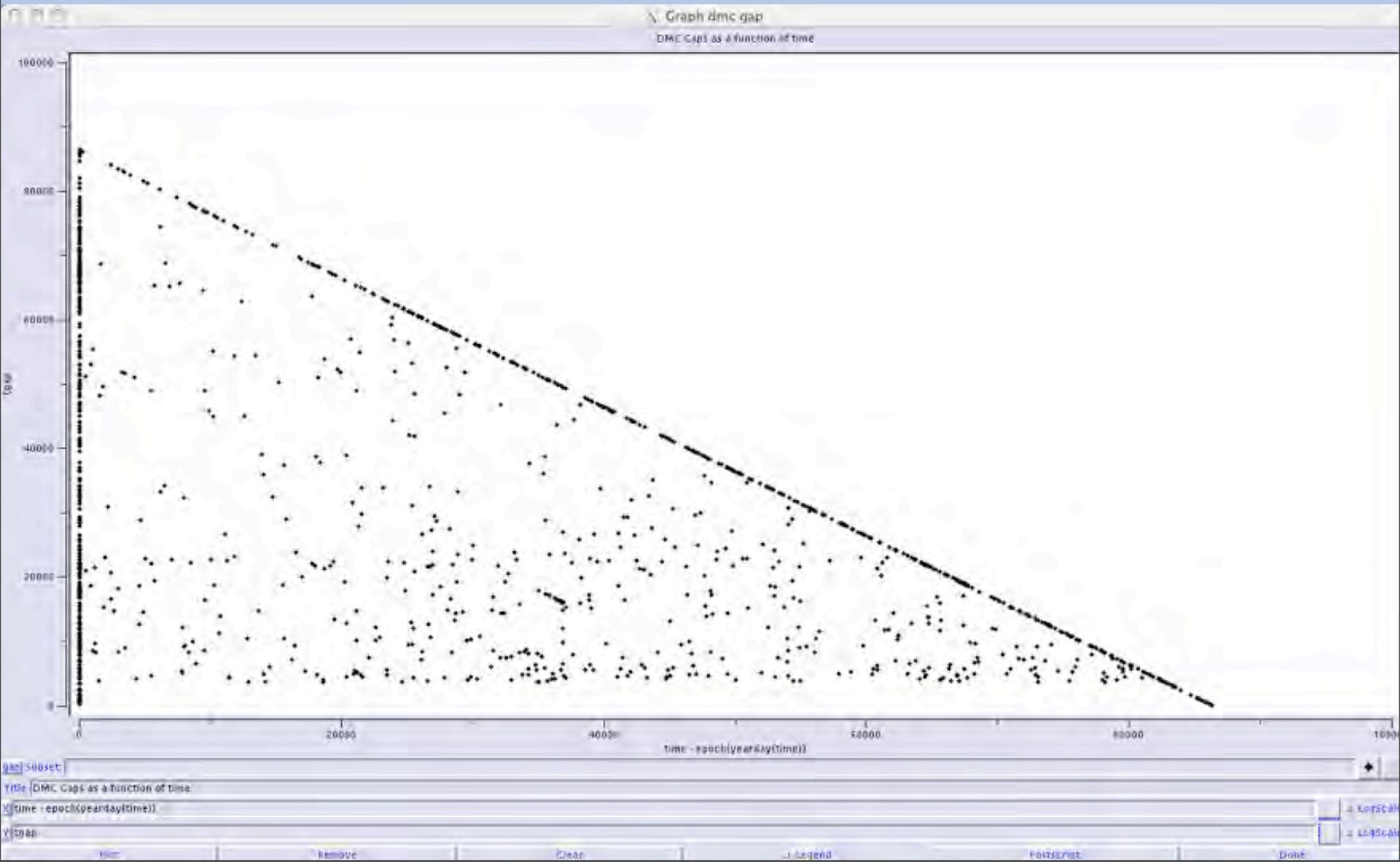


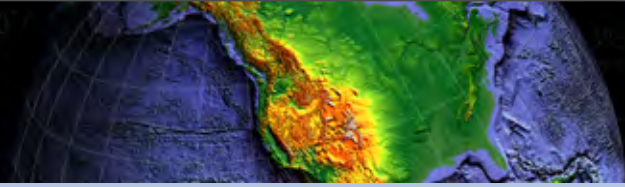
2008 Stats

- 1 Jan - 16 May
 - 50307 Station Days
 - 44585 Station Days 100% data return - 88%
 - 94.3% Total Data return
- 10 March - 16 May
 - 87% Station/Days 100% data return
 - 96.9% Total Data return
- 2398 DMC identified gaps
- 65431 ANF identified gaps

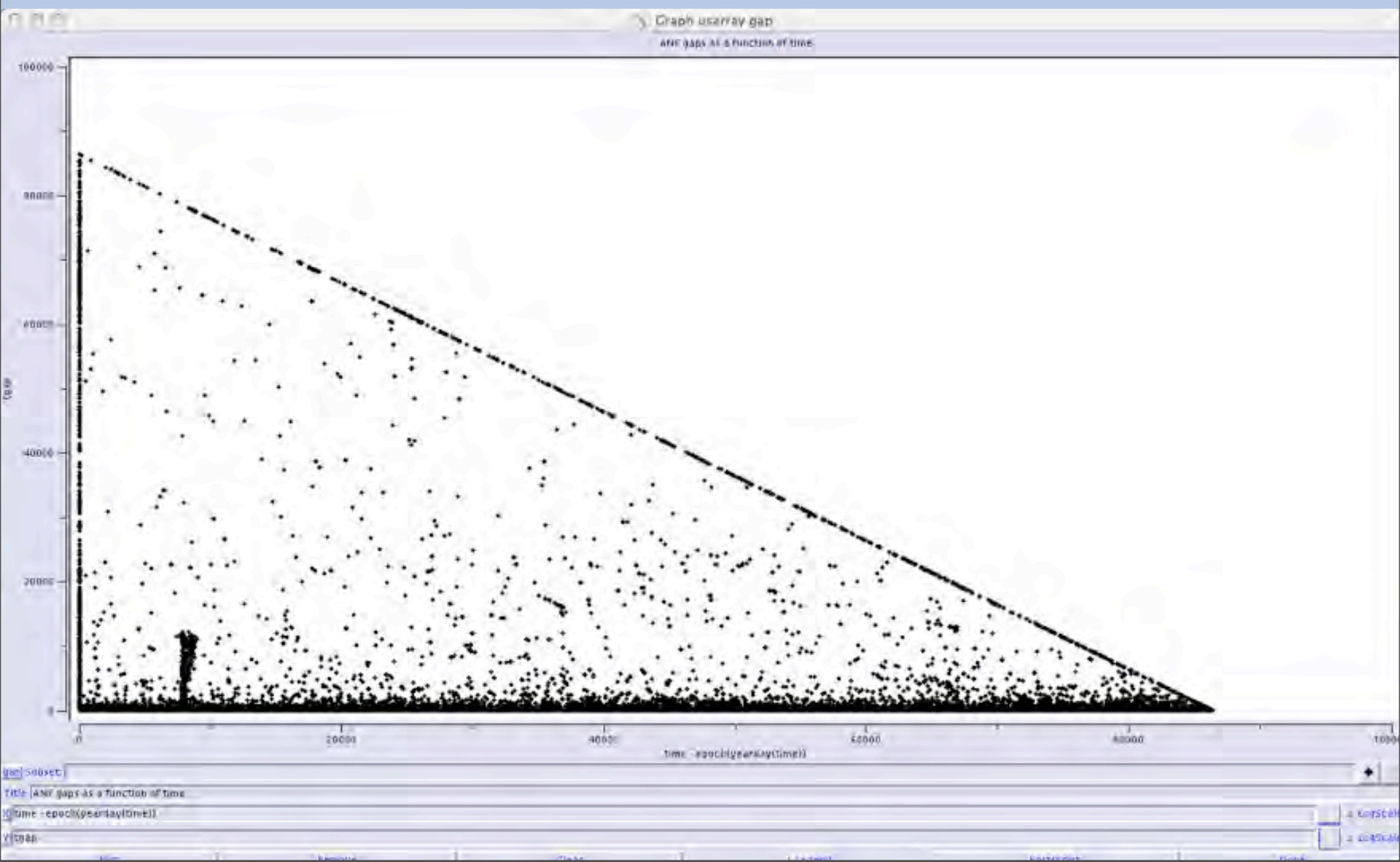


DMC





ANF



<http://www.ideo.columbia.edu/~ekstrom/Projects/USARRAY/POLARIZATION/>

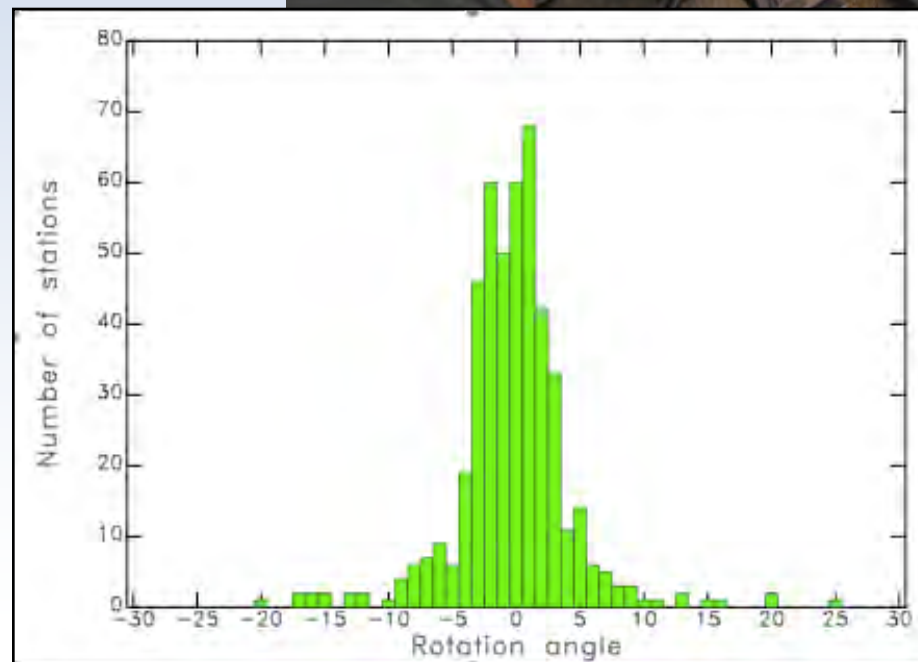
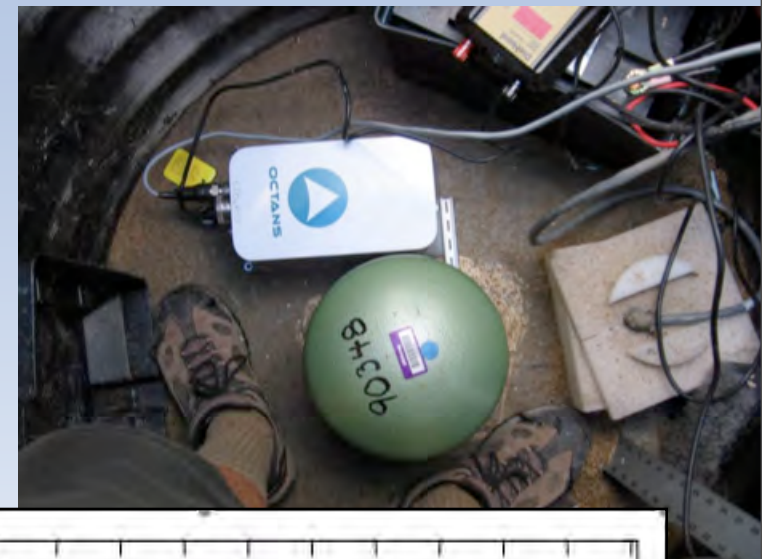
- Empirical orientation determination using surface and mantle wave polarization techniques of USArray and other networks
- TA made direct measurement of orientation of stations using fiber-optic gyroscope

IXSEA Octans IV

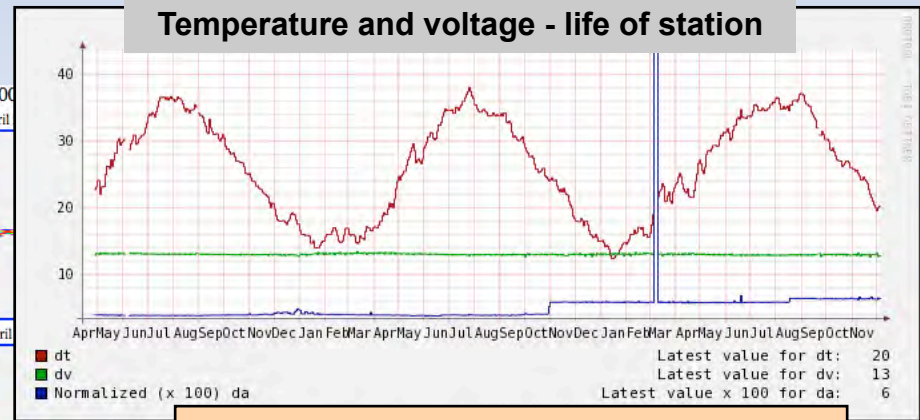
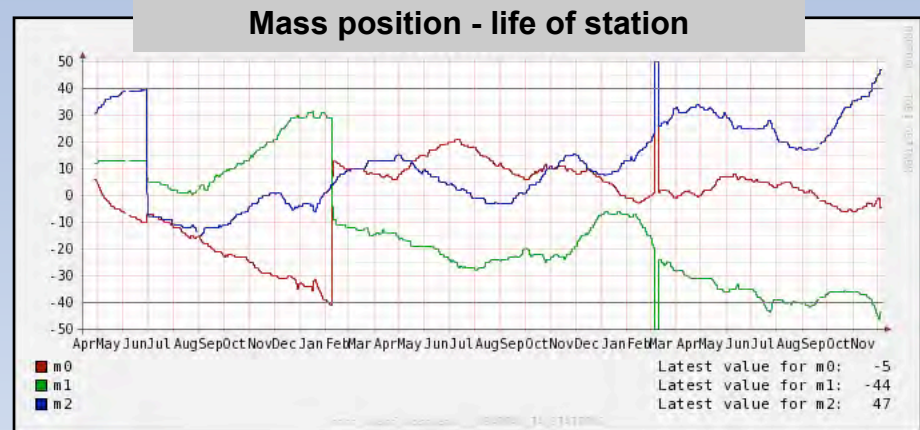
(Nonmagnetic orientation accurate to < 0.2 degrees)

- Techniques agree to within 1.2 Degrees
- TA uses Octans at all new station installations and on station removal.

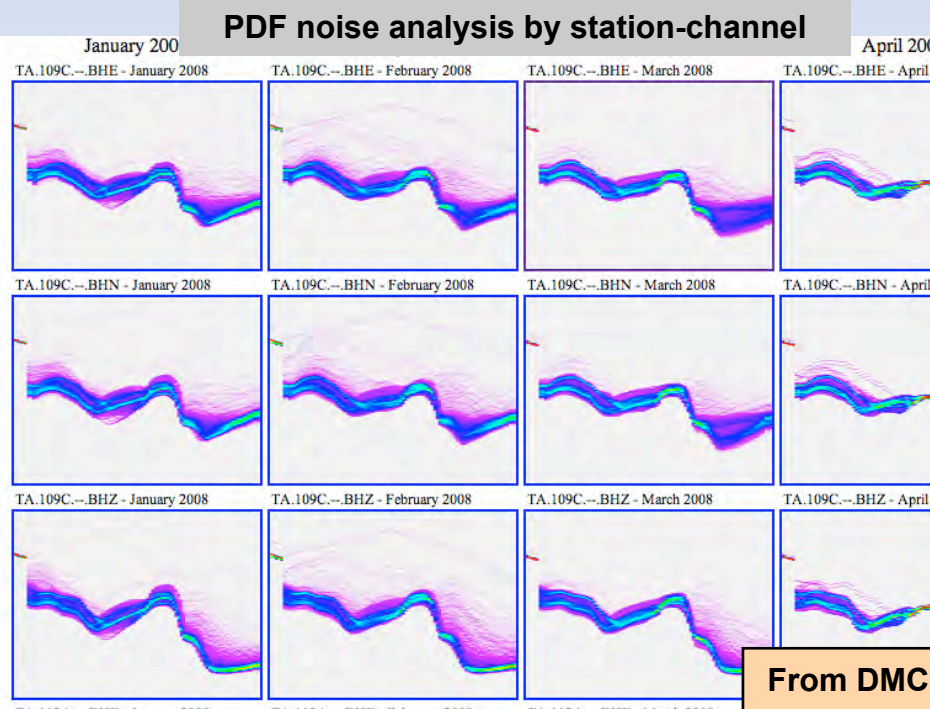
(Ekstrom, Busby submitted SRL 2008)

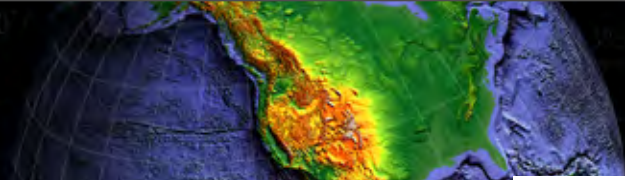


- Real-time monitoring of SoH
 - Detect problems
 - Initiate corrective actions
- Station QC & SoH on the web
 - SoH channel displays for near-real-time and summary
 - Metrics for arbitrary time intervals



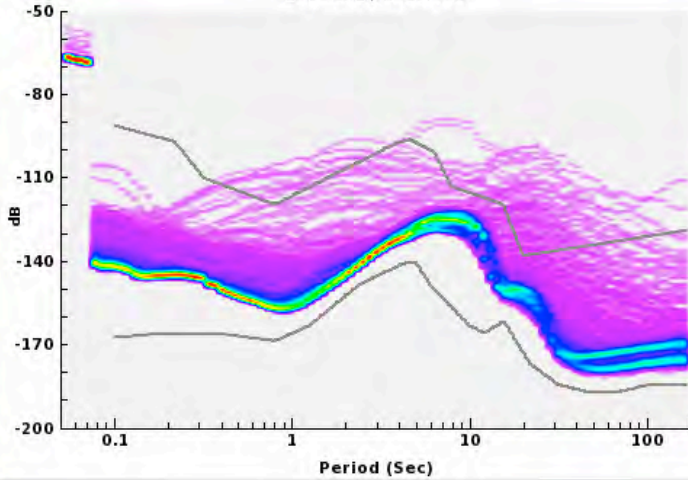
From ANF station status web pages





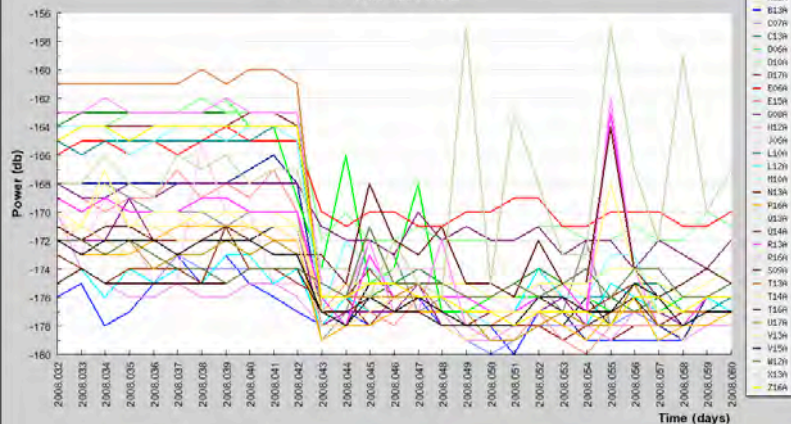
Guralp Vertical: Mass Pos vs noise

TA.118A.--BHZ : 1368 PSDs
2008:032 / 2008:060



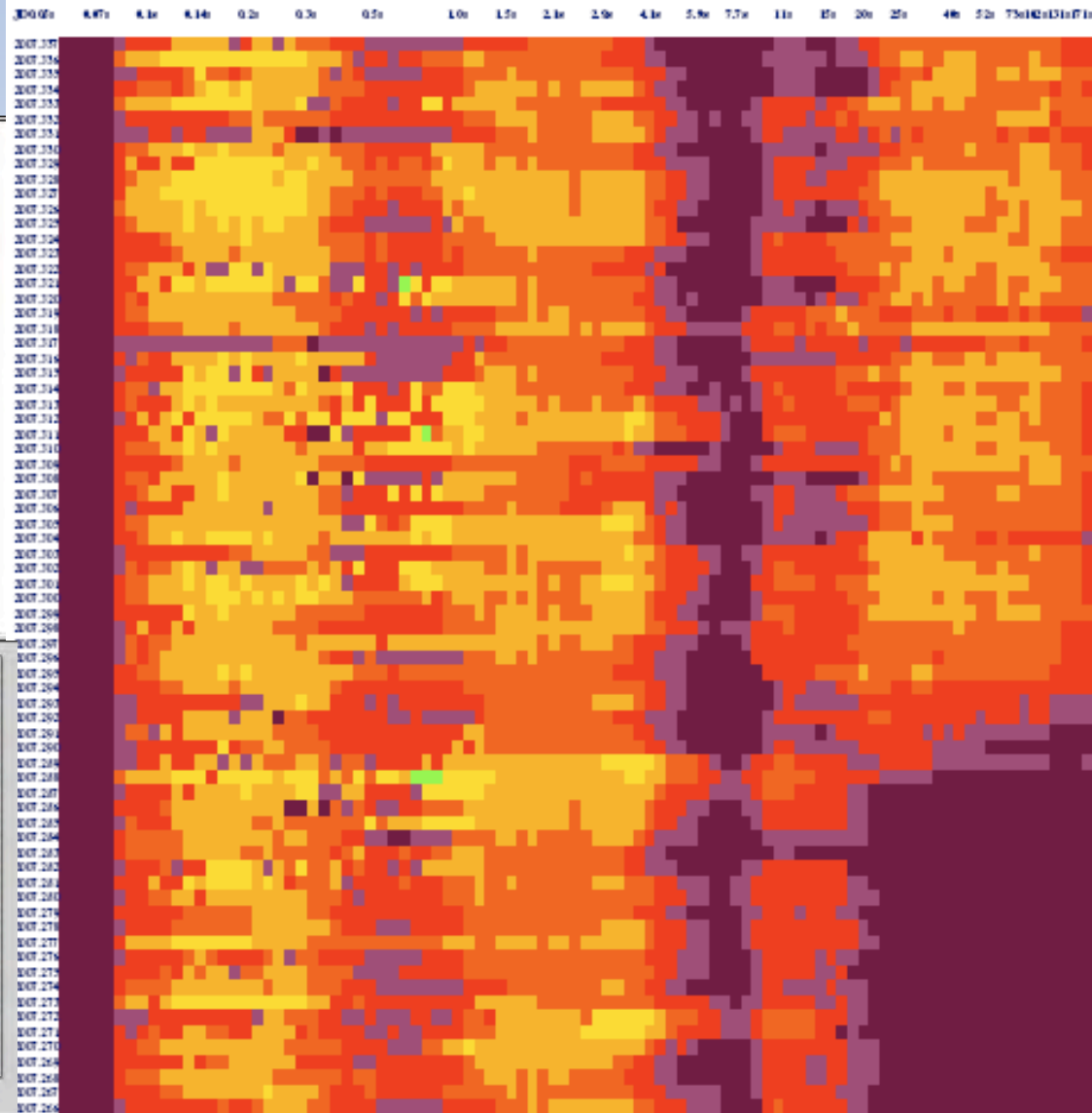
Daily PDF Mode Power Tracking

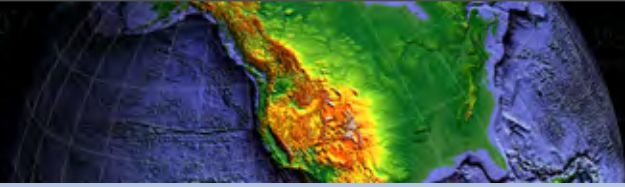
Period = 102.4 seconds



$d(\text{in dB}) = \text{power}(\text{station}) - \text{power}(\text{LNM})$
 4g 25 20 5d e 25 12 5d e 25 12 5d e 12 5d e 9 5 4e 6 -3 5d e 7 -5 5d e 7 de 4
 Hotter colors indicate noisier data. Cooler colors indicate quieter data.

E16A BHZ





Calibration

- Automated process to command, capture and analyze cal signals applied in situ using Antelope.
- Interpret calibration analyses to verify amplitude and phase response, stationarity of sensor
- Will be applied to all stations at beginning and end of deployment.
- Will be archived as Data Product

User Commands DBCALIBRATE (1)

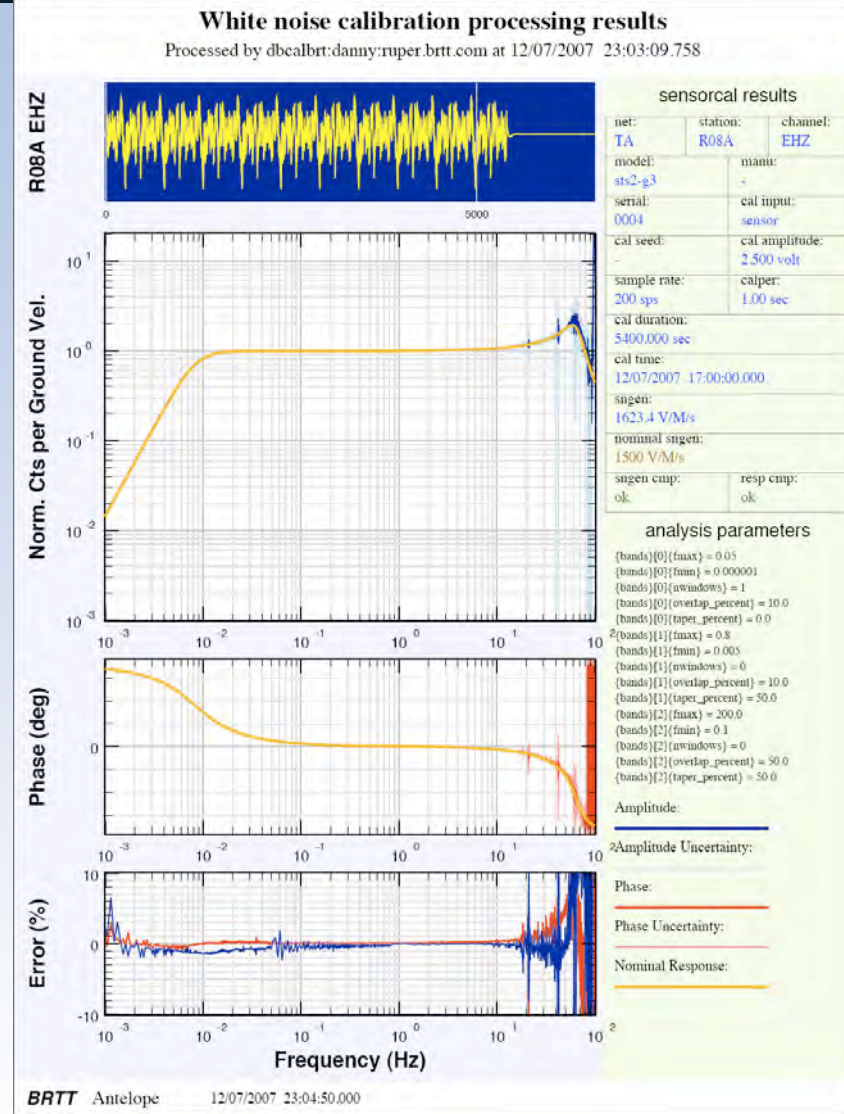
NAME

dbc calibrate - sensor and cross comparison calibration analysis program

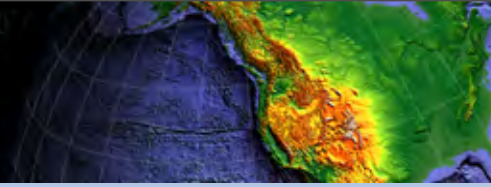
SYNOPSIS

```

dbc calibrate [-out dbout] [-prn] [-p pfname] [-calper calper]
              [-resp_dir resp_dir] [-resp_dfile resp_dfile]
              [-resp_dfilee resp_dfilee] [-resp_dfilen resp_dfilen]
              [-dcalwf_sifter expr] [-sngen sngen] [-outno] [-v]
              [-error_at calper] [-template name] [-dbcomp dbcomp]
              [-noise tstart_noise] [-type {ratio|power|coherence}]
              [-bin [sequence_id [sequence_id cmp[chan_cmp]]]]
    
```



in BRTT Antelope software

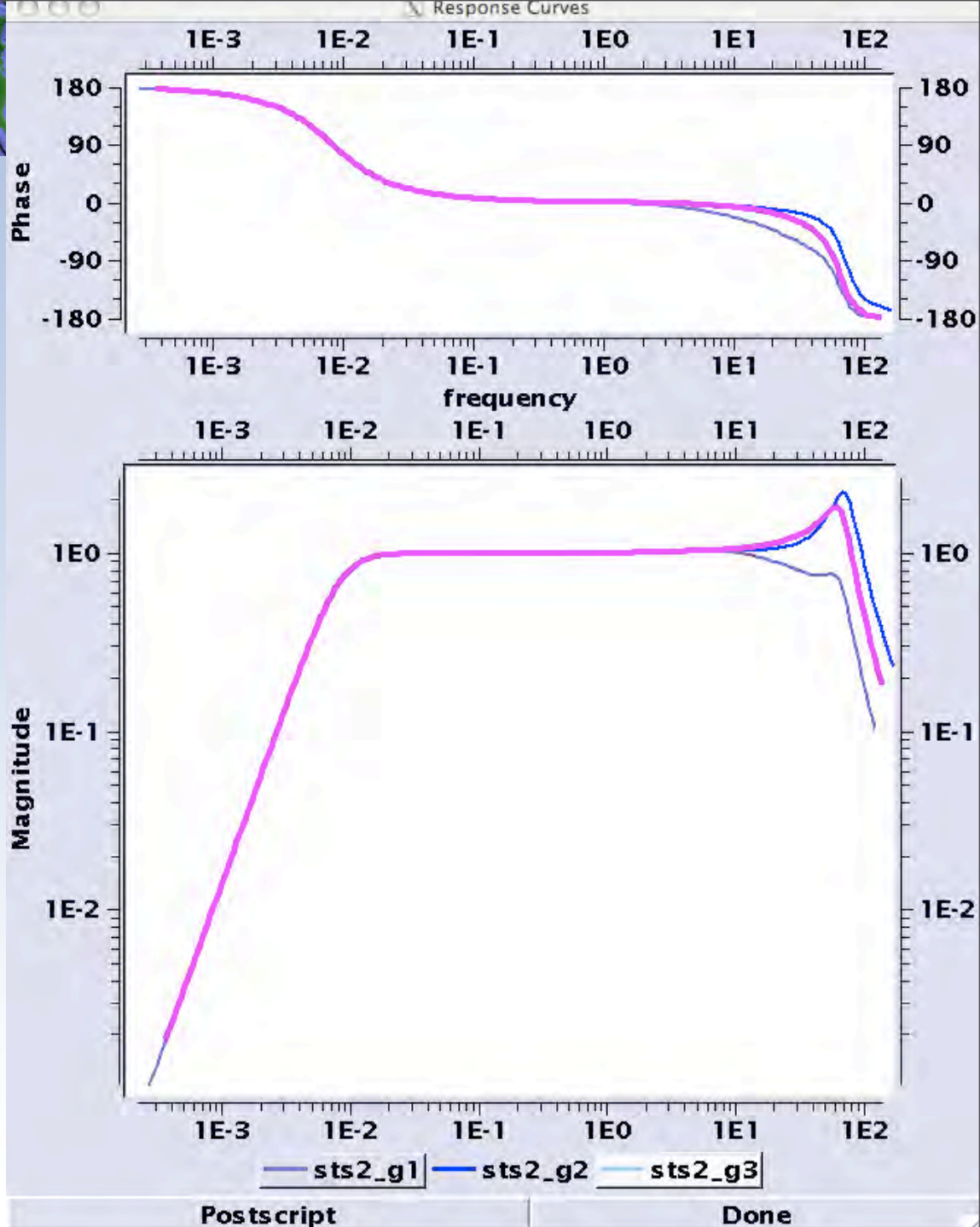


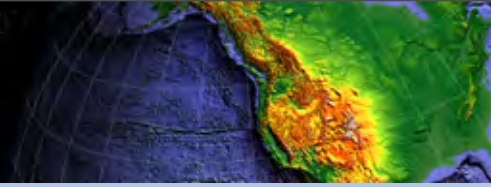
Metadata:

Instrument responses

STS-2

3 Generations





Metadata:

Instrument responses

TA Sensors

3 Types

